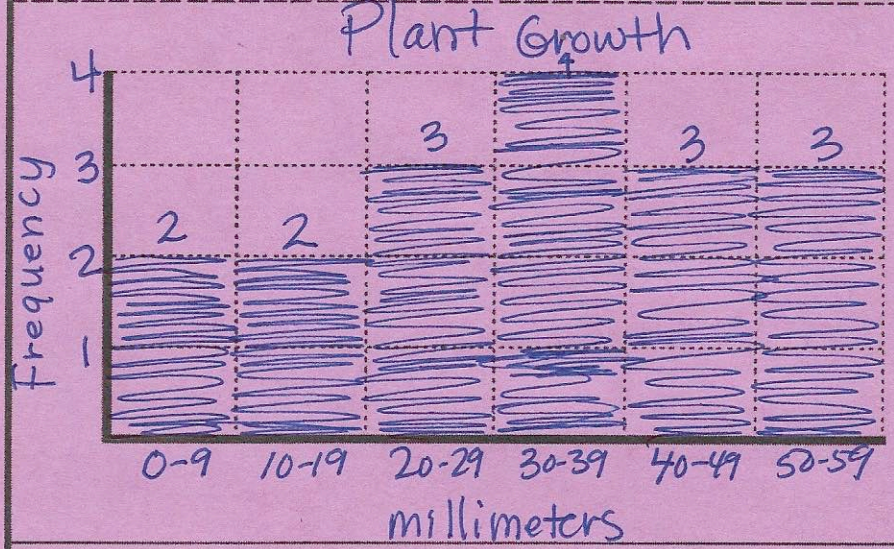
Make a **histogram** of the data set.

In millimeters, the seedlings grew: 38, 16, 26, 17, 22, 38, 28, 40, 42, 44, 30, 51, 55, 2, 9, 32, 58

1. Identify the minimum 2 and maximum 58.
2. Sort the data into **intervals** of an appropriate place value: 10
3. Make coordinate plane and graph the data.
4. Label the chart and axes.

interval	frequency
0-9	II
10-19	II
20-29	III
30-39	IIII
40-49	III
50-59	III



Interpret the histogram: a bar graph that shows frequency of data values in intervals of the same size.

- The height of the bar represents the frequency of the values in the interval
- The bars must touch.